

Raised Container Garden

Assembly instructions
RCG #3636, #3624, #3612

Cedar Products by



Features...

Quality Western Red Cedar
Handcrafted Construction
Unique Layered Bottom Filter

Assembly Instructions:

All holes are predrilled and screws are included. Check all packing material carefully before discarding. Shortages of parts may occur from parts left in packaging. Read instructions carefully before beginning to assemble your Raised Container Garden.

Tools Required for Assembly:

#2 Phillips screw driver or an electric screw driver with a Phillips head bit.

Parts List:

- 4 Legs
- 5 Type D Liner Slats
- 5 Type E Liner Slats
- 1 Plastic Bottom Filter
- 4 Type A Corner Cap Tops
- 4 Side Panels
- 1 Package of Screws: 24 Short Screws & 20 Long Screws
- 4 Type B Corner Cap Side Pieces
- 4 Type C Corner Cap Side Pieces

Location:

Carefully choose a permanent site for your garden before filling the assembled container garden with soil. Make sure your garden is placed where it will receive full sun for at least six hours if the selected plants require full sun. We do not recommend moving the container garden once it is filled.

Soil:

Ordinary garden soil is too heavy for container gardening and will pack down. A soil mixture should allow you to reach the bottom with your hands or hand tools. We recommend a light pre-mixed soil. Your local garden center or nursery can advise you on the best mixture for the type of plants you plan to grow. Be certain to provide the width, length and depth of your garden so the garden center can advise you on the amount of soil mix you need to purchase. Some soil mixes need to be replaced each year while others may cost a little more but will last for several years.

Watering:

Your raised container garden gets air circulation from both the top and bottom which promotes exhilarated growth but it also dries the soil out faster than "in-ground" planting. Water until the water drips through the bottom liner. When it stops dripping, water again. Light soil mixes take longer to absorb moisture so the second watering assures even and complete absorption of moisture.

Feeding:

Select a fertilizer that meets the requirements of the plants you are growing. Follow the directions on the container. Keep in mind that frequent watering flushes nutrients out of the soil. We recommend fertilizing at planting time and every 10 days during the entire growing season.

Western red cedar contains natural preservatives, so it resists rot and weathers extremely well. These qualities make cedar ideal for outdoor use. It is free of pitch and holds stains and paint well too. A quality sealer will delay the graying of the wood and give additional protection. Be sure to seal the bottom areas, especially the end grain. Cedar will weather to a rich silvery grey if left in its natural state.